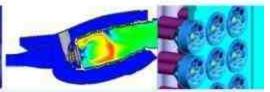


Overview – 2 Years of Open Rotor Testing

Dr. Dale Van Zante
Project Engineer for Propulsion
Environmentally Responsible Aviation Project
Integrated Systems Research Program







Integrated Systems Research Program
Environmentally Responsible Aviation Project

Fundamental Aeronautics Program Subsonic Fixed Wing Project

Acoustics Technical Working Group NASA Glenn April 11, 2012



The NASA/FAA/GE Collaboration on Open Rotor Testing



- Objective: Explore the design space for lower noise while maintaining the high propulsive efficiency from a counter-rotating open rotor system.
- Approach: A low-noise open rotor system is being tested in collaboration with General Electric and CFM International, a 50/50 joint company between Snecma and GE. Candidate technologies for lower noise will be investigated. Installation effects such as pylon integration will be investigated in partnership with GE and the FAA.

Gen-1 Blade Sets (NASA/GE)
Historical Baseline (1990s design)
Modern Baseline (~2006 design)
2 GE Advanced Designs
2 Snecma Designs
Gen-2 Blade Sets (NASA/FAA/GE)
6 GE Advanced Designs
Pylon wake mitigation



Historical Baseline Blade Set 12 x 10 blade count

History (1/3)





Drive rig rehab and installation



First research run. Oct 28



GE/Airbus entry start Dec 14

2009 Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

> Drive rig checkout. Sep 24 – Oct 27



Linear array checkout.

Dec 7-11



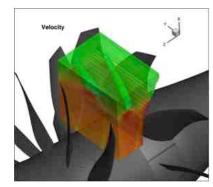
History (2/3)



GE/Boeing test

GE/Airbus test complete. Feb 12

GE/Boeing test. Apr 5 – 28.



ERA Diagnostics Test. Jul 19 – Sep 7

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

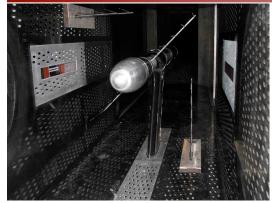


FAVOR test (ATP)

GRC annual Facility Shutdown Low Boom Inlet Test (SUP) Open Rotor Install In the 8x6

History (3/3)





8x6 Tare Runs Feb 9



Gen-1 8x6 Test Feb 28 – Aug 25

Gen-2 8x6 Test Aug 26 – Sep 9



Gen-2 9x15 Test Nov 10 – Jan 19

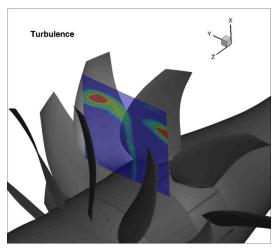
2011 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec



Jan. 19, 2012 End of Gen-2 Test

ERA Diagnostics: Detailed Historical Baseline flowfield measurements





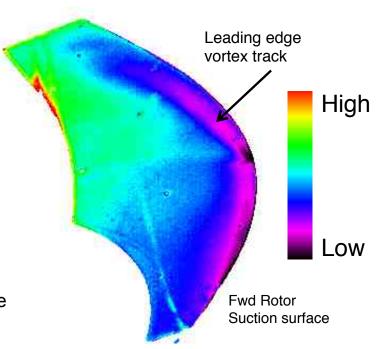
The 3D **PIV** measurements provide a wealth of information about the blade wakes and vortex track.

The location of peak noise level in the **phased** array map changes in the presence of the CFMI pylon indicating a change in the relative strength of sources.



A canonical shielding configuration provides code validation data.





The Pressure Sensitive Paint measurements show phase locked static pressure on the surface of the rotating blade.

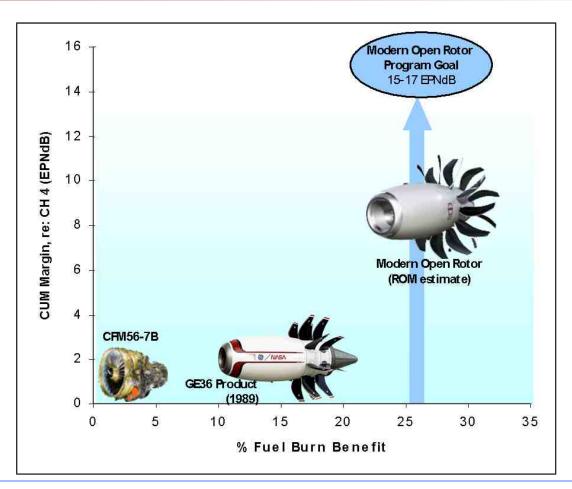
Data Rights



Non-proprietary geometry Both high and low speed data Gen-1 Blade Sets (NASA/GE) is releasable/publishable. Historical Baseline Data/geometry for NASA Modern Baseline —— internal use. 2 GE Advanced Designs-Publication in sanitized form 1 2 Snecma Designs year after conclusion of test. Low speed data is releasable in 10 years. Geometry is releasable in 15 years. Gen-2 Blade Sets (NASA/FAA/GE) Data/geometry for government 6 GE Advanced Designsuse. Pylon wake mitigation Publication of data in sanitized form.

Projection of Modern Open Rotor Performance





X-Noise Workshop presentation.
March 2011.

- The GE36 Product (1989) would have met CH4 noise requirements at 15% fuel burn savings.
- The modern Open Rotor design estimates are consistent with NASA system level assessments which show 25+% fuel burn and 10+ EPNdB noise margin.

Summary



The test program required a substantial commitment from the research/facilities organizations and has produced a valuable data set for the nation.

- Double shift operations, 5 days a week since Sept 2009
- 1142 hours of run time on the open rotor rig

A partnership between ERA and SFW was necessary for the success of the test and ongoing data analysis.

The collaboration with the FAA on Gen-2 blade testing worked very well.

Designs quieter than originally estimated. Margin to stage 4 is 10+ EPNdB.





